XGO Robot Dog

CODERS CS Team

Summer 2023

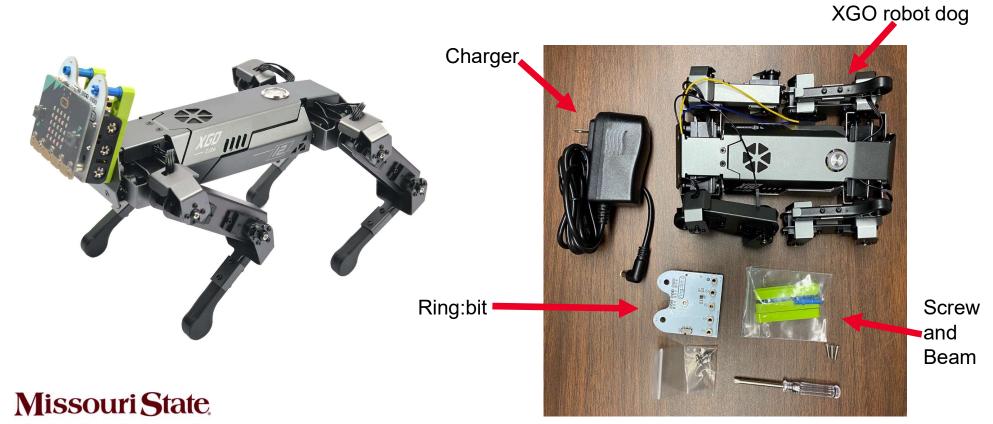




Meet the dog!

https://www.elecfreaks.com/learn-en/microbitKit/microbit-xgo-robot-kit/microbit-xgo-robot-kit-Introduction.html

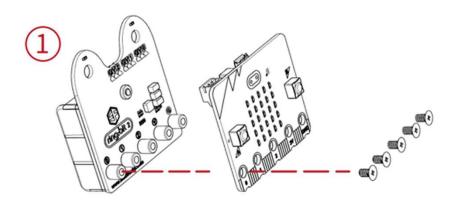
- Aluminum alloy shell (NW 500g)
- Built-in battery (120min in one charge)
- Each foot has three servos to allow a flexible and smooth movement
- Built-in actions, e.g., sit down, look for food, etc.

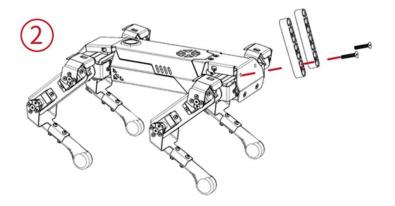




Assembling

- Step-1: Attach the micro:bit to the ring:bit expansion board using the short flat head screws
- Step-2: Use the longer flat head screws to fasten the seven-hole beam to the corresponding screw holes on the XGO



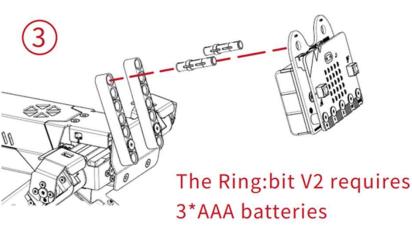




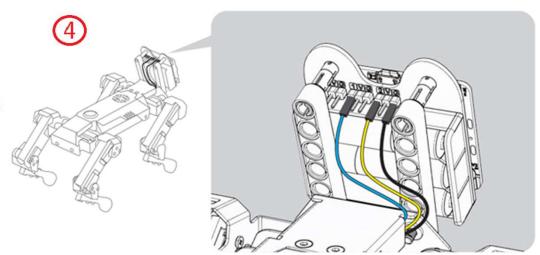


Assembling Contd.

 Step-3: Add 3xAAA batteries and mount the ring:bit expansion board with the micro:bit installed to the seven-hole beam using the long pins



- Step-4: Connect the DuPont cables (Yellow, Black, and Blue) from the XGO to the corresponding ports of the ring:bit
- Blue DuPont cable is connected to port 1, yellow DuPont cable is connected to port 2, and black DuPont cable is connected to port G

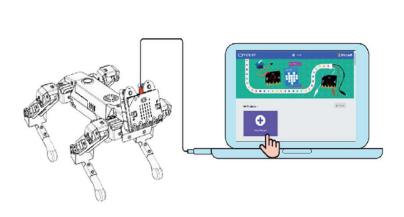




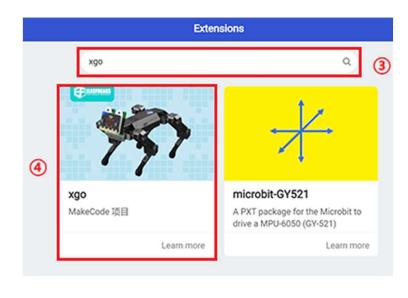
MakeCode-Project Setup

https://makecode.microbit.org/

- 1. Connect your XGO micro:bit to the computer using USB cable
- 2. Goto the makecode website from Chrome web browser
- 3. Create a new project, and give it a unique name
- 4. Click on Extensions
- 5. Search for XGO
- 6. Add XGO to your project









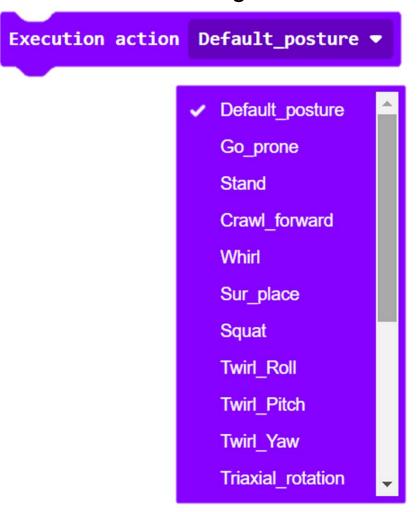


Programming XGO - Initialization

Initialize the XGO on start



 Choose a default XGO action from the following list

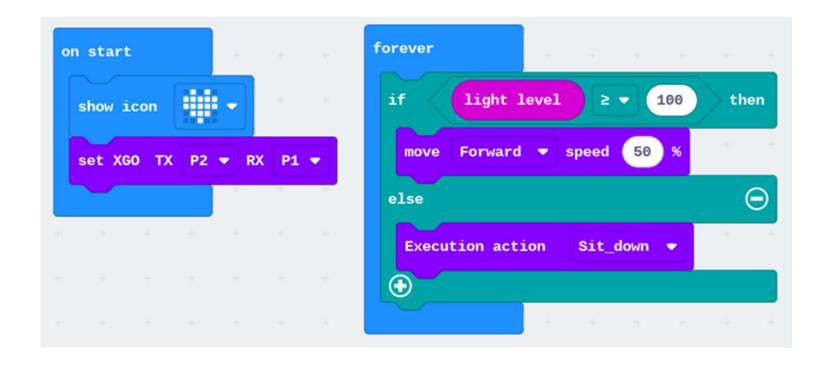






Activity 1: Follow the light

Goal: Program the XGO robot dog to follow a light source else execute a default action.





Activity 2: I am hungry!

Goal: Program the robot dog to search for a bone little far away.

Expected functionalities:

- 1. Sender (micro:bit): The bone!
- In a standalone micro:bit, show the symbol of a bone
- Send radio transmission at a certain <u>transmit power</u> to help the robot dog to search for the bone.
- 2. Receiver (micro:bit): Robot dog micro:bit is the receiver and looking for food
- The dog stops searching and sits near the bone based on the received signal strength.

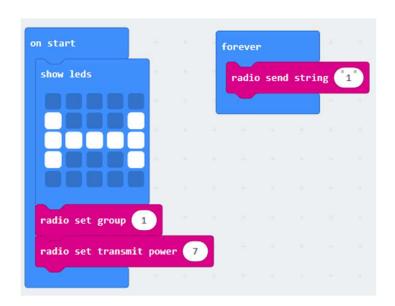
Note:

- 1. Both sender and receiver must be in the same radio group.
- 2. Transmit power can be as weak as 0 and as strong as 7. The default is 6.
- 3. Radio <u>received signal strength</u> ranges between -128 to -28.

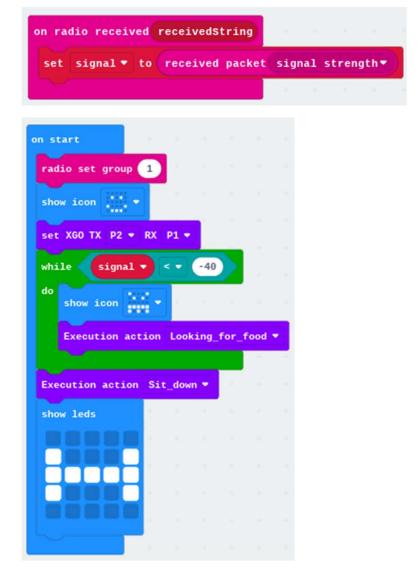




Activity 2: I am hungry – sample code



The bone (Sender micro:bit)





XGO Robot Dog (Receiver)

Thank You

Any Questions?

